107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 986

To allow media coverage of court proceedings.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 5, 2001

Mr. Grassley (for himself, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Smith of New Hampshire, Mr. Allard, Mr. Feingold, and Mr. Specter) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

## A BILL

To allow media coverage of court proceedings.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS.
- 4 In this Act:
- 5 (1) Presiding Judge.—The term "presiding
- 6 judge" means the judge presiding over the court
- 7 proceeding concerned. In proceedings in which more
- 8 than 1 judge participates, the presiding judge shall
- 9 be the senior active judge so participating or, in the
- 10 case of a circuit court of appeals, the senior active
- circuit judge so participating, except that—

1	(A) in en banc sittings of any United
2	States circuit court of appeals, the presiding
3	judge shall be the chief judge of the circuit
4	whenever the chief judge participates; and
5	(B) in en banc sittings of the Supreme
6	Court of the United States, the presiding judge
7	shall be the Chief Justice whenever the Chief
8	Justice participates.
9	(2) Appellate court of the united
10	STATES.—The term "appellate court of the United
11	States" means any United States circuit court of ap-
12	peals and the Supreme Court of the United States.
13	SEC. 2. AUTHORITY OF PRESIDING JUDGE TO ALLOW
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	SEC. 2. AUTHORITY OF PRESIDING JUDGE TO ALLOW MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.
14	MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.
14 15	MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.  (a) AUTHORITY OF APPELLATE COURTS.—Notwith-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.  (a) AUTHORITY OF APPELLATE COURTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the presiding judge
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.  (a) AUTHORITY OF APPELLATE COURTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the presiding judge of an appellate court of the United States may, in the dis-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li><li>18</li></ul>	MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.  (a) AUTHORITY OF APPELLATE COURTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the presiding judge of an appellate court of the United States may, in the discretion of that judge, permit the photographing, electronic
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li><li>18</li><li>19</li></ul>	MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.  (a) AUTHORITY OF APPELLATE COURTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the presiding judge of an appellate court of the United States may, in the discretion of that judge, permit the photographing, electronic recording, broadcasting, or televising to the public of court
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.  (a) AUTHORITY OF APPELLATE COURTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the presiding judge of an appellate court of the United States may, in the discretion of that judge, permit the photographing, electronic recording, broadcasting, or televising to the public of court proceedings over which that judge presides.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.  (a) AUTHORITY OF APPELLATE COURTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the presiding judge of an appellate court of the United States may, in the discretion of that judge, permit the photographing, electronic recording, broadcasting, or televising to the public of court proceedings over which that judge presides.  (b) AUTHORITY OF DISTRICT COURTS.—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MEDIA COVERAGE OF COURT PROCEEDINGS.  (a) AUTHORITY OF APPELLATE COURTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the presiding judge of an appellate court of the United States may, in the discretion of that judge, permit the photographing, electronic recording, broadcasting, or televising to the public of court proceedings over which that judge presides.  (b) AUTHORITY OF DISTRICT COURTS.—  (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other

1 cording, broadcasting, or televising to the public of 2 court proceedings over which that judge presides.

### (2) Obscuring of witnesses.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Upon the request of any witness in a trial proceeding other than a party, the court shall order the face and voice of the witness to be disguised or otherwise obscured in such manner as to render the witness unrecognizable to the broadcast audience of the trial proceeding.
- (B) NOTIFICATION TO WITNESSES.—The presiding judge in a trial proceeding shall inform each witness who is not a party that the witness has the right to request that the image and voice of that witness be obscured during the witness' testimony.
- 17 (c) ADVISORY GUIDELINES.—The Judicial Con18 ference of the United States may promulgate advisory
  19 guidelines to which a presiding judge, in the discretion of
  20 that judge, may refer in making decisions with respect to
  21 the management and administration of photographing, re22 cording, broadcasting, or televising described under sub23 sections (a) and (b).

### 1 SEC. 3. SUNSET.

- The authority under section 2(b) shall terminate 3
- 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

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